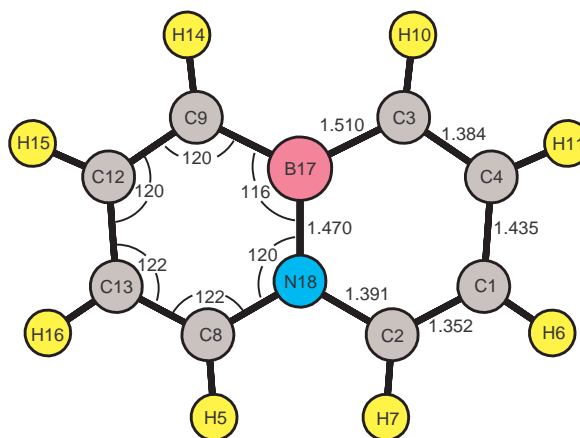


MICROWAVE SPECTRA, MOLECULAR STRUCTURE AND AROMATIC CHARACTER OF BN-NAPHTHALENE (4A,8A-AZABORANAPHTHALENE)<sup>a</sup>

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The microwave spectra for seven unique isotopologues of BN-naphthalene (4a,8a-azaboranaphthalene) were measured using a pulsed-beam Fourier transform microwave spectrometer. Spectra were obtained for the normal isotopologues with  $^{10}\text{B}$ ,  $^{11}\text{B}$ , all unique single  $^{13}\text{C}$  and the  $^{15}\text{N}$  isotopologue, in natural abundance. The rotational, centrifugal distortion and quadrupole coupling constants determined for the  $^{11}\text{B}^{14}\text{N}$  isotopologue are  $A = 3042.7128(4)$  MHz,  $B = 1202.7066(4)$  MHz,  $C = 862.2201(4)$  MHz,  $D_J = 0.06(1)$  kHz,  $1.5 \text{ eQq}_{aa} (^{14}\text{N}) = 2.578(6)$  MHz,  $0.25(\text{eQq}_{bb} - \text{eQq}_{cc}) (^{14}\text{N}) = -0.119(2)$  MHz,  $1.5 \text{ eQq}_{aa} (^{11}\text{B}) = -3.922(8)$  MHz, and  $0.25(\text{eQq}_{bb} - \text{eQq}_{cc}) (^{11}\text{B}) = -0.907(2)$  MHz. The experimental inertial defect is  $\Delta = -0.159$  amu  $\text{\AA}^2$ , which is consistent with a planar structure. The B-N bond length is 1.47  $\text{\AA}$ , indicating  $\pi$ -bonding character. The results are compared with similar results for B-N bonding in 1,2-dihydro-1,2-azaborine and BN-cyclohexene.



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